



Can ultrasound scans improve osteopaths' palpation skills?

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Forewords

Conflict of interest

US required understanding





US required understanding













 $29^{\rm th}$ & $30^{\rm th}$ September 2022

8th "Open Forum for Osteopathic Education" Conference

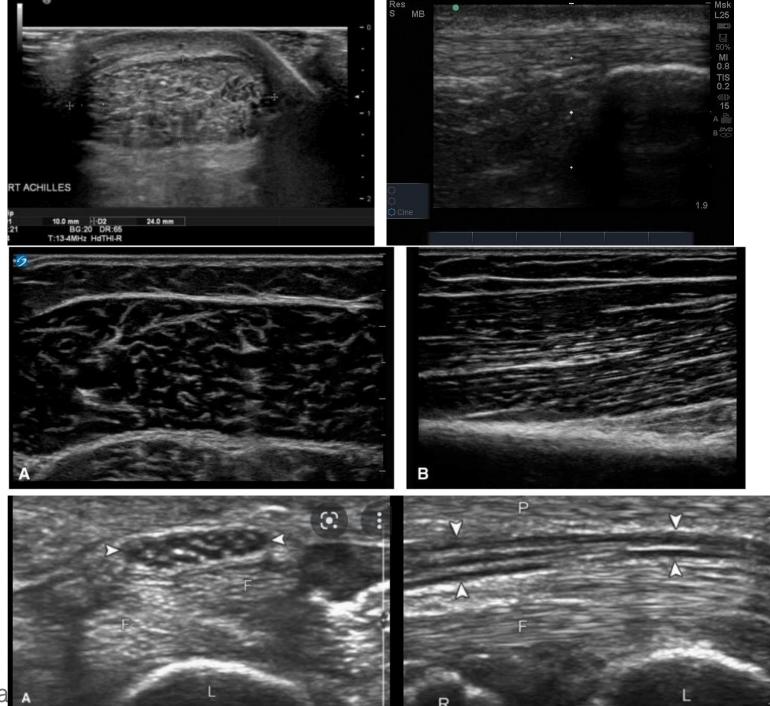
TEACHING
CLINICAL COMPETENCIES

Antwerp, Belgium







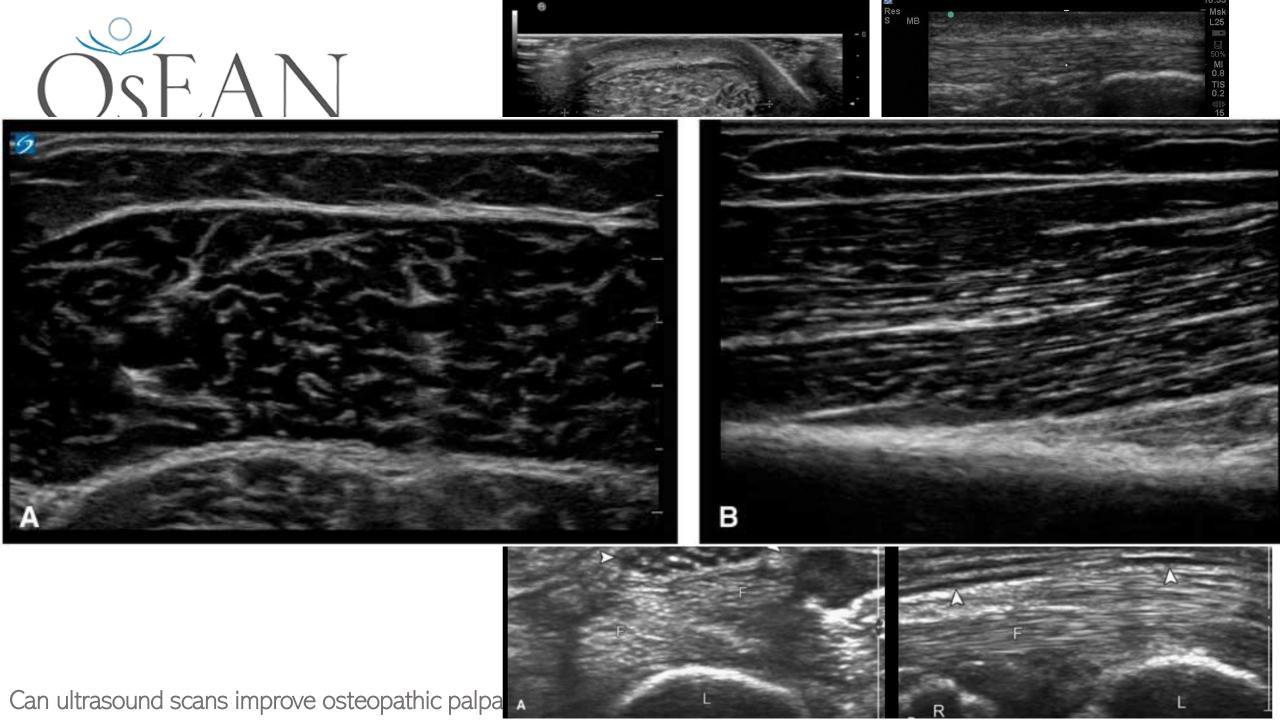


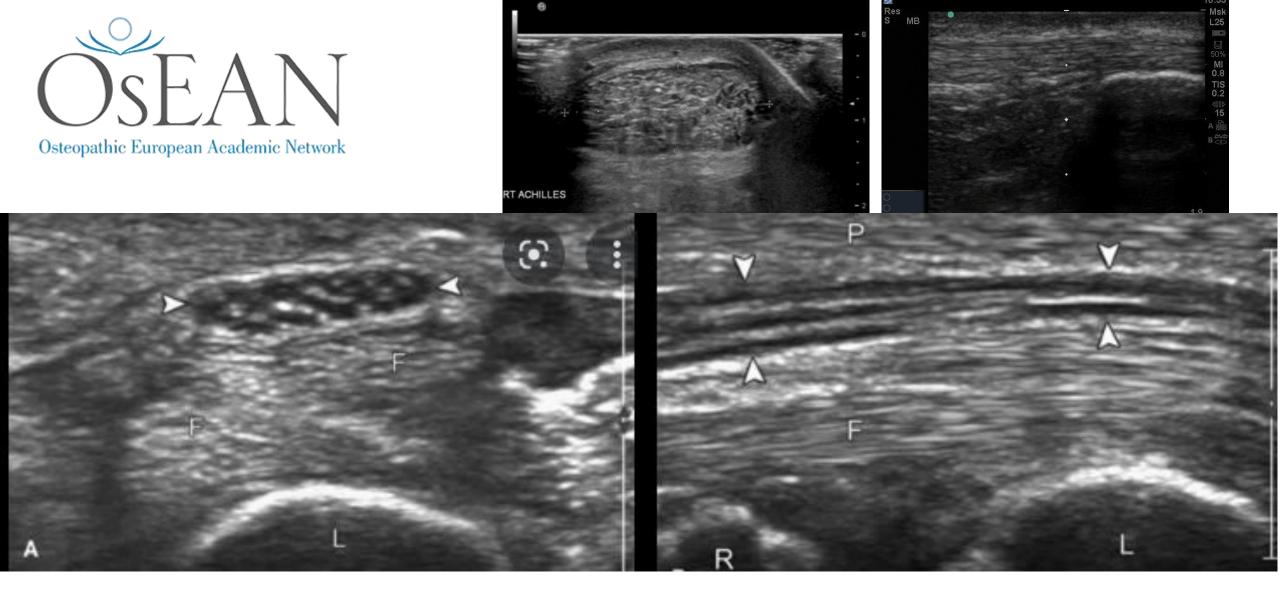
Can ultrasound scans improve osteopathic palpa





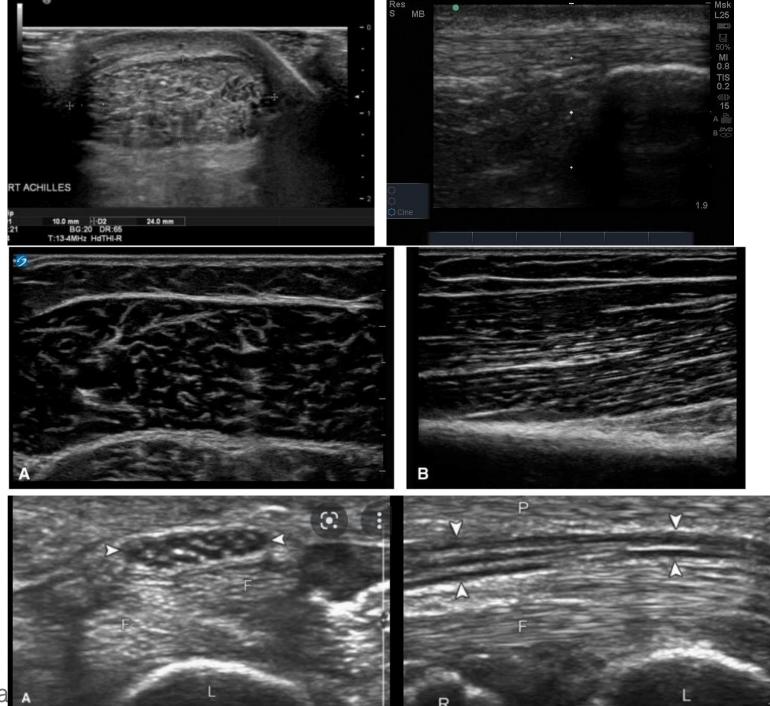












Can ultrasound scans improve osteopathic palpa



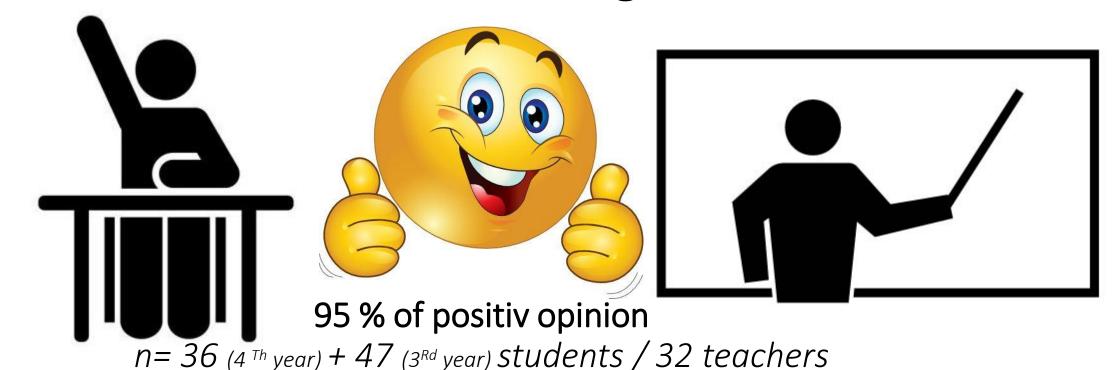


Your opinion?

Word Association Warm-Up - Mentimeter







Can ultrasound scans improve osteopathic palpation skill?

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What can US scan bring to osteopathic

Improve US reading (45% n=37)



Improve anatomical knowledge

(45% n=37)

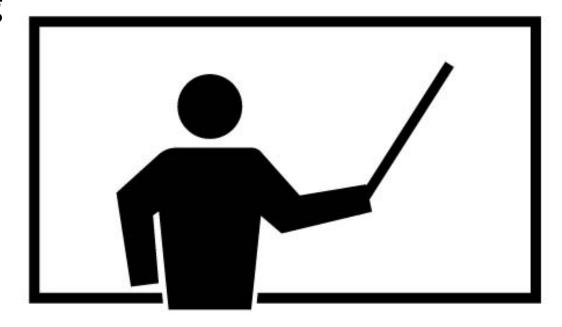






Improve US reading (31% n=10)





Improve anatomical knowledge

$$(28\% n=9)$$

See the effect of manual technics





Palpation

Research





Palpation

US understanding

Research





Palpation

Anatomy

Research

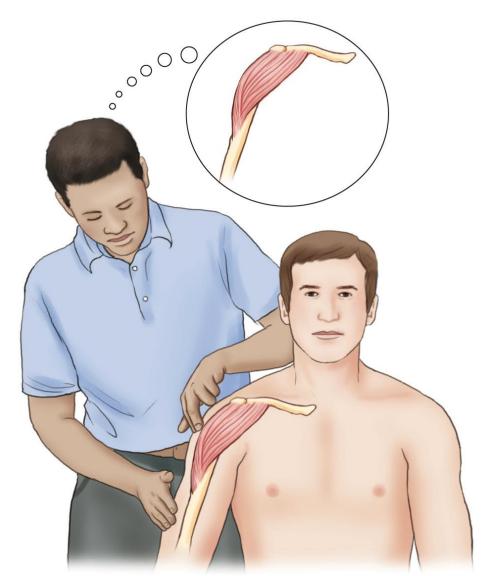


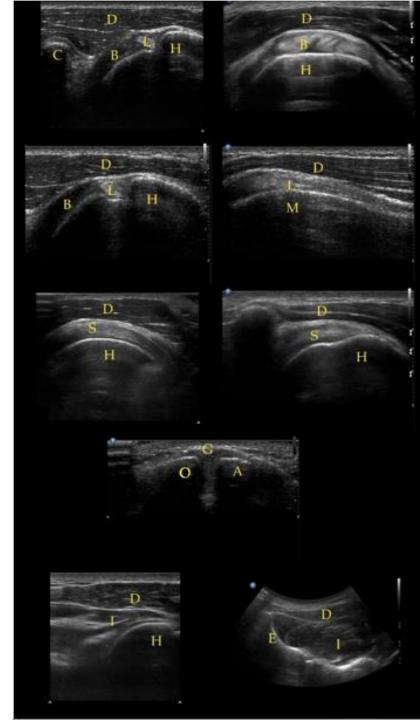
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Palpation

Research

US understanding





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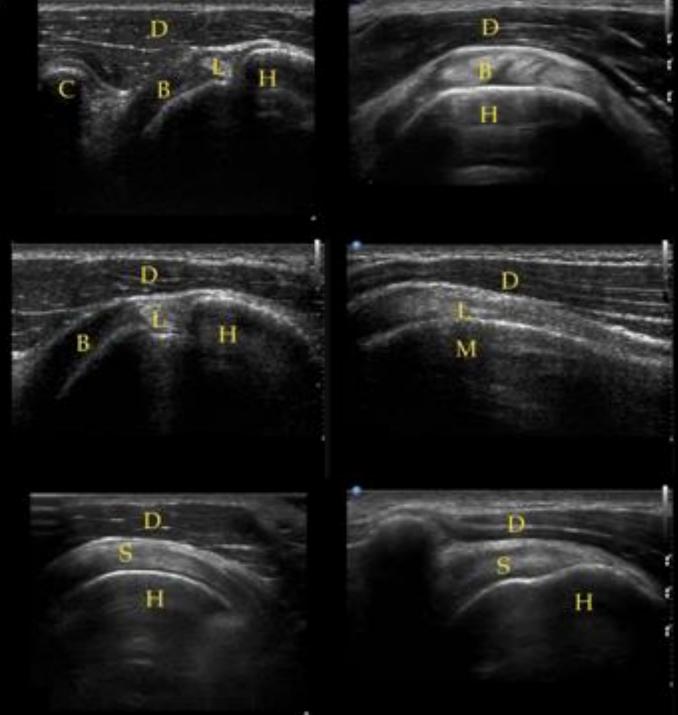
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Can ultrasound scans improve osteopathic palpation skill





Palpation

Anatomy

Research





Palpation

Research





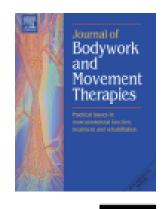
Journal of Bodywork & Movement Therapies (2014) 18, 462-468



Available online at www.sciencedirect.com

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This study suggests the possible use of the ultrasound and elastography to furnish a more objective picture of the "sensations" that are commonly reported by manual therapists, and which supports clinicians in the diagnosis of the myofascial pain.

case study: Could ultrasound and elastography visualized densified areas inside the deep fascia?

Tuulia Luomala, PT^{a,*}, Mika Pihlman, PT^b, Jouko Heiskanen, MD, PT^c, Carla Stecco, MD^d





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8th "Open Forum for Osteopathic Education" Conference

NCIES

Does the inter-osseous membrane fascial dysfunction exposervational study comparing palpation to ultrasound measurements.

ABSTRACT

Background: There is a lack of evidence to support a correspondence between osteopathic palpation and anatomical findings. The contract defined using more accurate words when describing palpatery findings if they could be explained by objective measurements. The forearm is a fascia often evaluated by osteopaths, searching for Fascial Dysfunction (FD). We measured IOM physical characteristics, such as elasticated with osteopaths.

Methods: Healthy subjects were recruited and their forearms were marked every centimeter. At every mark, 3 registered osteopaths assessed the potential FD (none, moderate or strong). Assessments were compared to the IOM elasticity and thickness measured by US. A mixed effect model was used to analyse the link between thickness and FD and a chi-2 test for the link between elasticity and FD.

Result: 41 subjects were included. Mean age was 28.1, 46% were men. The average IOM length was 13.0 cm (± 1.5), the average thickness was 1.29 (± 0.41). The mixed model found a strong correlation between the grade of FD and the IOM thickness for all three osteopaths (p < 0.01). Moreover, correlations were found between thickness and elasticity of the IOM (p < 0.001).

Conclusion: Manual evaluation of FD seems to be correlated to physical properties of the IOM. Our results suggest that the forearm IOM is thicker at FD locations. This study needs replications on several anatomical areas and on the IOM of symptomatic subjects to confirm these findings. Moreover, research could focus on tissue changes after osteopathic treatment.





Palpation

Research





Palpation

Research





Your feedbacks







Thank you!

Let's keep in touch: thomas.matthew@hotmail.fr



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